The Census Bureau: Aren't They on Vacation Until 2010?

ou might think that the Census Bureau does what it does every ten years, but you would be sorely mistaken. Today's Census Bureau, in addition to taking a census of the population every 10 years, conducts censuses of economic activity and state and local governments every five years. And every year, the Census Bureau conducts more than 100 surveys. Throughout the decade between censuses, demographic and economic surveys are continually conducted to produce a general view and comprehensive study of U.S. social and economic conditions.

The Census Bureau collects information in many other surveys and provides the data to the survey sponsor for release. These sponsors include the Bureau of Justice Statistics, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, Department of Housing and Urban Development, National Center for Education Statistics, National Center for Health

Statistics, National Science Foundation and the Social Security Administration.

So what's new from the Census Bureau these days?

The U.S. Foreign-Born Population in 2003

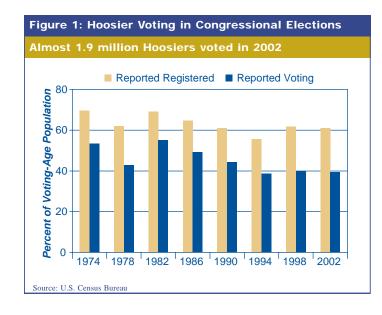
Released in August, this survey estimates that the nation's foreign-born population in 2003 numbered 33.5 million, about 12 percent of the total U.S. population. Among the foreignborn population, 53 percent were born in Latin America, 25 percent in Asia, 14 percent in Europe, and the remaining 8 percent in other regions of the world, such as Africa and Oceania. The 53 percent from Latin America consisted of 37 percent from Central America (including Mexico), 10 percent from the Caribbean, and 6 percent from South America. For more details, the full report is available at www.census.gov/population/www/ socdemo/foreign/cps2003.html.

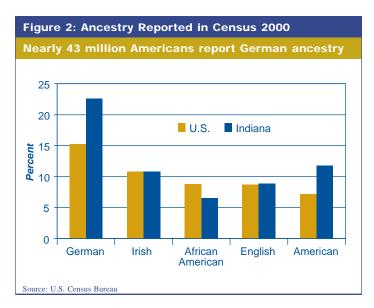
Voting and Registration in the 2002 Election

This survey, released in late July, shows that a record number of Americans (for a non-presidential election) registered and voted in the fall of 2002. According to the report, 128 million Americans registered to vote, and 89 million reported that they voted. As seen in Figure 1, about 2.8 million Hoosiers (60.9 percent of the total voting-age population) registered to vote, and almost 1.9 million voted (39.9 percent of the total voting-age population). Details are available on the Web at www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/voting.html.

German Ancestry Is Still Predominant

Based on the 2000 Census, this new report shows that nearly 43 million people (15.2 percent) identify their ancestry as German. Other groups include Irish (30.5 million – 10.8 percent), African American (24.9





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million – 8.8 percent), English (24.5 million – 8.7 percent), American (20.2 million – 7.2 percent) and Mexican (18.4 million – 6.5 percent). In the state of Indiana, the largest groups include German (22.6 percent), American (11.8 percent), Irish (10.8 percent), English (8.9 percent) and African American (6.5 percent). Find more details at www.census.gov/prod/2004pubs/c2kbr-35.pdf.

Facts for Features: Labor Day 2004

In honor of Labor Day (Sept. 6), the Census Bureau has released facts, figures and trivia about the nation's workers, 79.2 million men and 68.7 million women strong (accessible at www.census.gov/Press-Release/www/2004/cb04-ff13-02.pdf). Have you ever wondered...

- What percentage of workers in private industry receive a paid vacation as an employee benefit?
 - 79 percent
- What is the annual median earnings for male and female full-time, yearround workers?
 - \$39,429 (male) and \$30,203 (female)
- What is the most common occupation?
 - Secretaries and administrative assistants at 3.9 million workers
- How many people hold down two or more jobs?
 - 7.3 million
- How many people are selfemployed?
 - 10.3 million

- How many labor union members are there in the United States?
 15.8 million
- How many people commute to work between midnight and 6:30 a.m.?

25.4 million

What percentage of people commute to work alone?77 percent • How long is the average commute to work?

24.4 minutes

Visit the Indiana Data Center at the State Library on the Web: www.statelib.lib.in.us/www/isl/ whoweare/datacenter.html

—Frank Wilmot, State Data Center Coordinator, Indiana State Library

IN THE DETAILS

Rank States with New Web Profiles

ndiana leads the Midwest (and ranks fourth in the United States) in the net in-migration of students, while New Jersey ranks last nationwide with a net out-migration of 18,816. Idaho had the highest rate of patent filings (per 100,000 persons) in 2003, whereas California ranked first in sheer volume with 22,075 patents filed.

How do we know these things? Is it by painstakingly downloading the data from various federal and trade websites and then ranking in Excel — over and over again until the rankings are ready, just in time for new data to be released?

No, it all comes from the new States IN Profile component of STATS Indiana (www.stats.indiana.edu). Thousands of economic and demographic indicators are available on the Web, anytime you want them, greatly simplifying retrieval of a wide crosssection of comparative data. States IN Profile provides detailed profiles of each state and the District of Columbia, enhanced by a ranking feature that allows easy comparison on individual items for all states. STATS Indiana already provides county-by-county comparisons for all 3,141 counties in the nation through the USA Counties IN Profile component.

States IN Profile focuses on annual, quarterly and monthly indicators for the economy, education, income, population and workforce for each state. The Indiana Business Research Center, with support from the Indiana Department of Commerce, has expanded its already sizable economic and demographic database to include these state-level indicators. Custom Web output programming lets users easily view data and rankings for all states. Individual contacts were made with each and every source, resulting in a calendar of release dates and a set of metadata for each data set. (continued on page 12)

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